### AGERATUM PLANT NAMED 'AGETIS'

### Background of the new plant

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The present invention comprises a new distinct cultivar of Ageratum, botanically known as Ageratum houstonianum. The new cultivar is propagated from cuttings resulting from the cross of 'O343-2' and 'S570-2'. 'Q343-2' is a purple flowering Ageratum having a compact habit. 'O343-2' is not commercially available and is not known by any synonyms. 'S570-2' is a blue and white flowering Ageratum having an upright habit. 'S570-2' is a selection

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from the variety 'Southern Cross'.

Neither 'Q342-2' or 'S570-2' has been patented. As a result of this cross the present cultivar was created in 1997 in Enkhuizen, Netherlands and has been repeatedly asexually reproduced by cuttings in Enkhuizen, Netherlands, in Gilroy, USA, in Angers, France and in Sarrians, France over a three-year period. It has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics through successive propagations, and this novelty appears to be firmly fixed.

This new Ageratum plant is an annual in most climatical zones in the US, only in zones 9 and 10 is it a perennial plant.

Description of the drawing

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This new Ageratum plant is illustrated by the accompanying photographic drawing which shows blooms, buds and foliage of the plant in full color, the color shown being as true as

can be reasonably obtained by conventional photographic procedures.

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## Description of the new cultivar

The following detailed descriptions set forth the distinctive characteristics of this new Ageratum. The data which defines these characteristics were collected from asexual reproductions carried out in Enkhuizen, Netherlands. The plant history was taken on 20 weeks old plants, blossomed under natural light and artificial light in a greenhouse. Color readings were taken in the greenhouse under ambient light. Color references are primarily to the RHS Color Chart of the Royal Horticultural Society of London.

Differences between the new variety 'Agetis', its parents and a similar cultivar

Character	'Agetis'	'Q343-2'	'S570-2'	'R116'
Flower color	Blue	Purple	Blue and white	Blue
Size of capitulum	16-21 mm	6-9 mm	16-21 mm	7-9 mm
Plant height	30-40 cm	20-25 cm	25-35 cm	20-25 cm
Branching	At every	At every	Not at every	At every internode
	internode	internode	internode	

## The Plant

Classification - Botanical : Ageratum houstonianum

Parentage - Female parent : A seedling named 'Q343-2' is one of our seedlings

from our Q-generation of plants bred in 1987

- Pollen parent : A seedling named 'S570-2' is one of our seedlings

from our S-generation of plants bred in 1997

Growth habit : Erect, well branched

Plant height : 30-40 cm

Spreading area of plant : 30-40 cm

Growth rate : Vigorous

Strength : Very good

Branching character : Freely branching and lateral branching

at every node

Blooming period : Year round

5 The stem

Diameter : 2-2.5 mm

Shape : Round

Color : 145 B

Anthocyan pigmentation : Absent

Length of internode : 30-42 mm, depending on the light where the plant is

propagated

Pubescence : Slightly pubescent

**The Foliage** 

5 Phyllotaxis : Opposite, decussate

Shape of blade: : Cordate

Texture - Upper side : Slightly pubescent

- Lower side : Slightly pubescent

Venation : Reticulate

20 Leaf margin : Crenate

Leaf base : Cordate

Leaf apex : Rounded

Length : 27-63 mm

Width : 30-68 mm

25 Color - Upper side : Dark green 137A

- Lower side : Medium green 143A

Pubescence : Some pubescence is present

Length of petiole : 11-15 mm

Color of petiole : Light green 145C

Petiole surface texture : Slightly pubescent

# **Inflorescense**

5 Inflorescense : Compound umbel of capitula

Length of peduncle : 18-35 mm

Color of peduncle exposed to light : RHS 152B

Color of peduncle not exposed to light: RHS 145A

Length of pedicel : 4-11 mm

10 Color of pedicel : RHS 145A

Number of capitula per inflorescense: 10-19

Number of disc florets per capitulum: 80-120

Number of bracts per capitulum : 23-25

Length of bract : 4-5 mm

15 Color of bracts : RHS 143A

Diameter of capitulum at beginning

of flowering : 7-8 mm

Color of capitulum at beginning

of flowering : RHS 083D

20 Diameter of capitulum at full

flowering : 16-21 mm

Color of capitulum at full flowering: RHS 086D

Length of stigma and syle : 8-9 mm

Color of stigma : RHS 091A

25 Fragrance : No fragrance

Lastingness of the bloom : The capitula of one umbel open over a period of

5 to 6 weeks

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**Seeds** 

Seedset : No seedset has been observed

Roots

5 Type of roots : Fibrous. Roots start to grow on every part of the

stem that contacts the soil, so not only at the nodes.

# Physiological and ecological characteristics:

Good tolerance to heat and cold, but no frost tolerance. Strong resistance to pests and diseases.